TO BE POSTED AT THE BUILDING SITE



A 25.00 FEE WILL BE CHARGED FOR LOST PERMITS OR COPIES.

IF YOU START THE INSTALLATION BEFORE NOTIFYING THE SEO IT WILL HAVE TO BE REMOVED AND THE SITE COULD BE DEEMED UNUSABLE!

PERMIT

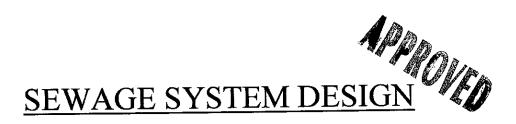
	INSTALLATION OF ONLOT	SEWAGE DISPOSAL SYSTEM			
Pursuant to Application for Sewage Disposal System number Z261967 a permit is hereby issued to:					
Eldwin 8	Eby				
NAME O	F APPLICANT				
13205 Sawmill Rd., Blairs Mills, PA		814-386-1961			
ADDRESS OF APPLICANT		TELEPHONE NUMBER			
	Colt Dr., Shade Gap (off of Marlin Cir.)				
PROPER	RTY ADDRESS OF SITE FOR SEWAGE DISPOSAL SYSTEM				
Thi:	s permit issued under the provisions of the "Pennsylvanended, is subject to the following conditions:	nia Sewage Facilities Act," the Act of January 24, 1966 (P.L. 1535), as			
1.	Except as otherwise provided by the Act or regulation of the installation shall be covered until inspected by the	s of the Pennsylvania Department of Environmental Protection, no part ne approving body and approval to cover is granted in writing below.			
2.	This permit may be revoked for the reasons set forth in	n Section 7(b)(6) of the Act.			
3.	which such system is to be installed has not commen	ystem or community sewage system and of any building or structure for need within three years after the issuance of a permit for such system, all be obtained prior to the commencement of said construction or			
	Changes must be approved. Lost permit replacement will Failure to follow the design AND PA regulation will result Protect your septic site. Fence it off. Any septic site district is the property owners responsibility to insure the contral A surveyed stakeout of the septic system location may be Just because it is not in the design does not mean it is not the contral transfer.	nstall. ot an approved copy and may not be the correct copy. on site at time of inspection. Id out available time slots. Cover no part of the system until approved. Al Il be billed at \$25 before it is signed. in permit revocation. Refer to The Pennsylvania Code. urbance will result in permit revocation. Protect your atternate site as well actor has read and understands the design and procedures.			
Approval to Cover		Date of issuance of Permit 5/16/22 Cromwell Twp.			
Signature of Enforcement Officer		Approving Body			
	Date	Signature of Enforcement Officer			
The had	sis for the issuance of this permit is the information supp	olied in the Application for Sewage Disposal System and other pertinent			

The basis for the issuance of this permit is the information supplied in the Application for Sewage Disposal System and other permit data concerning soil absorption tests, topography, lot size, and sub-soil groundwater table elevations. The permit only indicates that the issuing authority is satisfied that the installation of the sewage disposal system is in accordance with the rules, regulations and standards adopted by the Pennsylvania Department of Environmental Protection under the provisions of the Pennsylvania Sewage Facilities Act, the Act of January 24, 1966 (P.L. 1535), as amended. The issuance of a permit shall not preclude the enforcement of other health laws, ordinances or regulations in the case of malfunctioning of the system.

*SEE REVERSE SIDE FOR IMPORTANT INFORMATION



FORM PROVIDED BY THE COMMONWEALTH OF PENNSYLVANIA, DEPARTMENT OF ENVIRONMENTAL PROTECTION, BUREAU OF WATER STANDARDS AND FACILITY REGULATION



For

Eldwin Eby

May 2, 2022

Design prepared by William E. Wright, PLS PO Box 1028 Lewistown, PA 17044 (717) 248-2517

ELEVATED SAND MOUND BED

Permittee: Eldun Eby	
13205 Sawmill Road	13
Phone: (814) 386-1961	
Application Number: 2 261967	
DEP Code Number:	
Subdivision Name:	
Site Address: 10851 Calt Drive	Shade Gap
Township: Cranbell	
County: Huntingdon	
SEO: Jamie Catanese	-

DESIGN CRITERIA:

Slope: 9%

Perc Rate: 111 min./inch

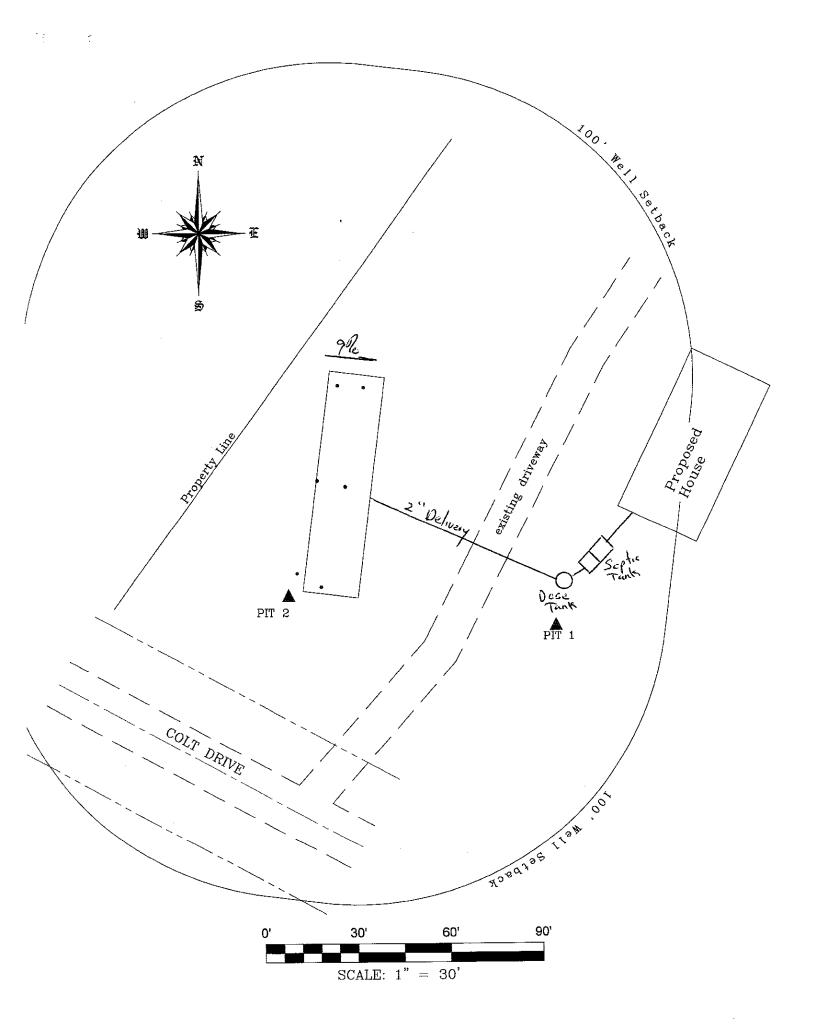
Limiting Zone: 25 inches

Gallons per Day: 4ω

Required Bed Area: 1,271 sq. ft.

Designed Bed Area: 1, 296 sq. ft.

NOTES:



. 0 0

Elevated Sand Mound Bed Scale 1'= 10

Notes:) "X" denotes It" hale in 12" lateris

-	
	0 type B
	DEP Aproved Sand ESIT END Cross Section Scale 1" 8"

Depth of tank to pump inlet Surface change from tank to bed Height of sand Height of stone below laterals	6.60 ft. 9.00 ft. 23° J.92 ft. 6° .50 ft.
Total elevation change	= 17.42 ft. Contractor should
TION LOSS:	verify final elevation to check pump size.

FRICT

Staight pipe (Zinch)	80.00 ft.
(2)45 degree elbow(2 inch) @ 2.58 ft. per	<u>5-16</u> ft.
(1)90 degree elbow(2 inch)@ 5.55 ft. per	5 <u>.55</u> _ft.
(4) coupling (2 inch) @ 1.35 ft. per	<u>5.70</u> ft.
disconnect (2 inch) @ 135 ft. per	1.35 A.
() manifold tee (2 inch) @ 11.10 ft. per	11.10 ft.
Total pipe friction in equivalent feet	168.56 ft

Flow rate is $\frac{46.1}{X}$ gpm based on using $\frac{14}{4}$ inch holes @ $\frac{128}{2}$ gpm per hole X $\frac{36}{2}$ holes

Friction loss factor is $\frac{4.63}{1.03}$ ft. per 100 ft. X $\frac{108.56}{1.00}$ equiv. ft.= $\frac{4.37}{1.00}$ ft.

HEAD TOTALS:

Elevation loss	17.72 ft.
Friction loss	<u>4.37</u> ft.
Required head at manifold	3.00 ft.
total	24.79 ft.

46.1 gpm at 25 ft. of head **PUMP REOUTREMENTS:**

DOSE REQUIREMENTS:

80 ft. of 2 inch delivery line $X \frac{16}{9}$ gal.per ft. = $\frac{2.80}{1.9}$ gallons $\frac{12}{9}$ ft. of $\frac{2}{9}$ inch manifold $\frac{16}{9}$ gal.per ft. = $\frac{1.92}{1.92}$ gallons $\frac{19}{9}$ ft. of $\frac{1}{12}$ inch lateral line $\frac{19}{9}$ gal.per ft. = $\frac{19}{1.82}$ gallons total internal capacity of pipes = 32.54 gallons 32.54 gallons X = 163 gallon minimum dose volume or use 100 gallons

DOSE TANK REQUIREMENTS:

163 gallon dose volume X 2 plus extra room for electric connections
Use minimum 500 gallon dose tank

TREATMENT TANK REQUIREMENTS:

Use minimum 1,000 gallon treatment tank.

Treatment tank must be dual-compartment or 2 tanks placed in series.

CONSTRUCTION NOTES

- (1) All existing mineral soil shall be utilized. No mineral soil in the area of the elevated sand mound may be removed or disturbed for the purpose of adding or mixing fill material.
- (2) All vegetation shall be cut close to the ground throughout the area to be utilized for the absorption area and berm. Bushes and trees shall be cut flush with the ground surface; roots shall be left in place. All cut vegetation or organic litter shall be raked and removed from the absorption and berm areas.
- (3) The proposed absorption area not obstructed by stumps or other obstacles shall be roughed or plowed parallel with the contour to a maximum depth of six inches, using a chisel plow or similar implement attached to light-weight equipment. Rotary tilling shall be prohibited.
- (4) Under no circumstances shall equipment travel on the plowed soil surface until the sand is in place.
- (5) Immediately after plowing, sand shall be placed over the exposed plowed surface. Sand shall be placed from the upsipoe side of the bed using only light-weight equipment.
- (6) The slope of the sand not directly beneath the aggregate area shall be approximately 50%.
- (7) The top of the sand directly beneath the aggregate shall be level to a tolerance of ± two inches per 100 feet.
- (8) Minimum depth of aggregate material under the laterals shall be six inches.
- (9) Minimum depth of aggregate material over the laterals shall be two inches.
- (10) The top of the aggregate material shall be covered with untreated building paper or two inch thick layer of hay, straw or similar material to prevent back fill material from setting into the aggregate.
- (11) The backfill material shall consist of soil suitable for the growth of vegetation, and be seeded to control erosion.
- (12) The mound shall be surrounded by a berm consisting of mineral soil containing less than 20% coarse fragments with no coarse fragments greater than four inches in diameter, more stable and less permeable than the sand and lightly compacted during construction to contain and protect the mound interior. The width of this berm shall be a minimum of three feet at the top of the aggregate.
- (13) Upon completion, the outside slope of the berm shall be no greater than 50% and shall be seeded to assure the stability of the berm. The cover over the aggregate shall be a minimum of one foot of soil suitable for the growth of vegetation.
- (14) No equipment shall be permitted on the downslope side of the mound with the exception of light-weight equipment that is used to form the downslope berm. To the greatest extent possible, aggregate and the cover material shall be placed from the upslope side of the mound.
- (15) The area surrounding the mound shall be graded to provide for diversion of surface runoff waters.

Minimum horizontal isolation distances.

(a) Minimum horizontal isolation distances shown in subsection (b) and (c) shall be maintained between the sewage disposal system and the features itemized. Where conditions warrant, greater isolation distances may be required.

(b) The minimum horizontal isolation distances between the features named and

treatment tanks shall comply with the following:

(1) Property line, easement or right-of-way - 10 feet.

- (2) Occupied buildings, swimming pools and driveways 10 feet.
- (3) Any individual water supply or water supply system suction line 50 feet.

(4) Water supply line under pressure - 10 feet.

(5) Streams, lakes or other surface waters - 25 feet.

(c) The following minimum horizontal isolation distances between the features named and the perimeter of the absorption area shall apply:

(1) Property line, easement or right-of-way - 10 feet.

(2) Occupied buildings, swimming pools and driveways - 10 feet.

(3) Any indvidual water supply or water supply system suction line - 100 feet.

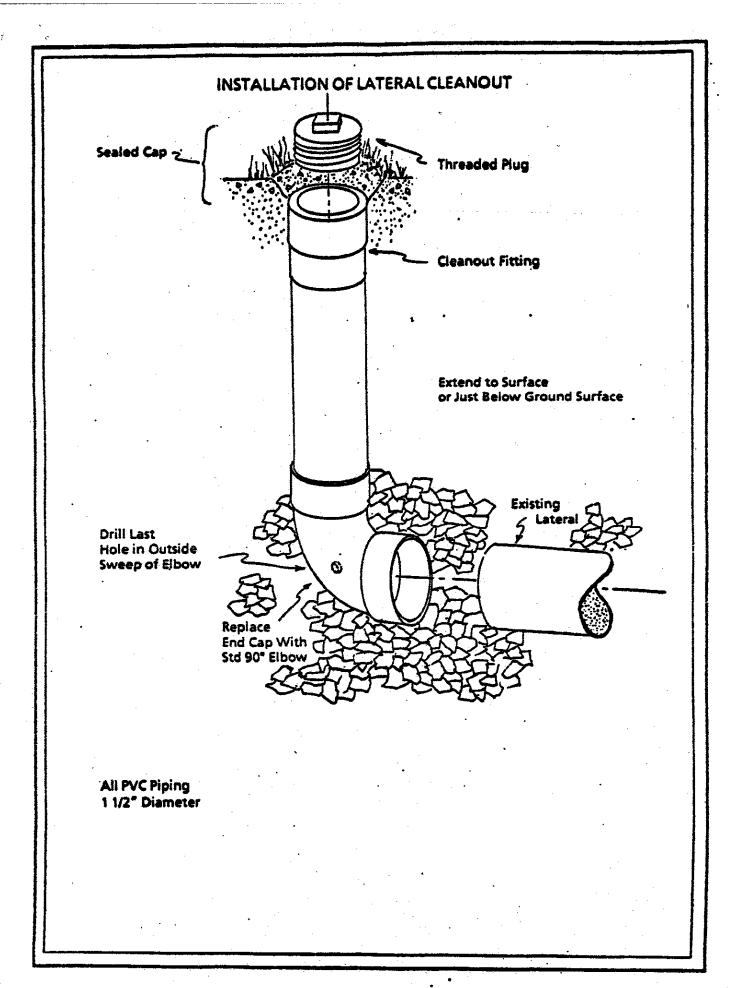
(4) Water supply line under pressure - 10 feet.

(5) Streams, lakes or other surface water - 50 feet.

(6) Other active on-lot systems - 20 feet.

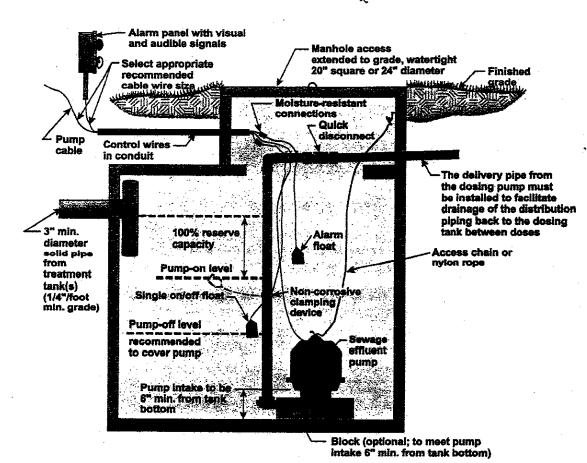
(7) Surface drainageways - 10 feet.

- (8) Mine subsidence areas, mine bore holes, or sink holes 100 feet.
- (9) Rock outcrop or identified shallow pinnacle 10 feet.
- (10) Natural or manmade slope greater than 25% 10 feet.



PRESSURE DISTRIBUTION USING A PUMP

This illustration shows some of the regulatory requirements of a pressure distribution system that uses a pump.



NOTES:

- Dosing tank must have a minimum liquid capacity equal to or greater than two times the designed dose volume.
- · Double on/off floats may be used in lieu of single on/off float.
- · Quick disconnect must be located for ease of pump removal.

Pump and alarm must be on separate breakers.

Calculate Float Levels

for 163 gallon dose

INTERNAL VOLUME OF THE DOSING TANK -used to set float levels

ROUND TANK: DIAMETER (inches) X DIAMETER (inches)

292.5

GAL/ INCH

RETANGULAR TANK: LENGTH (Inches) X Width (inches)

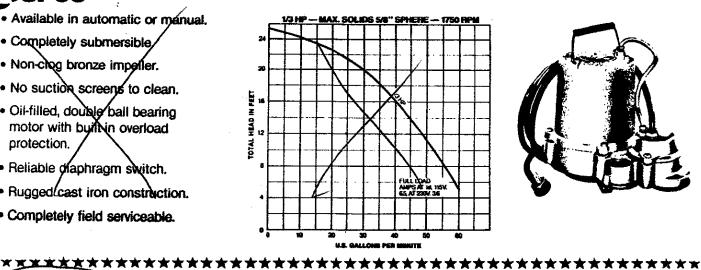
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GAL/INCH

EFFLUENT PUMPS - Features and Performance

)SP33

- · Available in automatic or manual.
- Completely submersible.
- Non-clog bronze impeller.
- · No suction screens to clean.
- Oil-filled, double ball bearing motor with builtin overload protection.
- Reliable daphragm switch.
- Rugged/cast iron construction.
- Completely field serviceable.

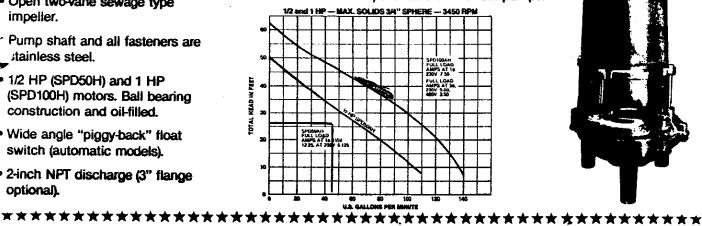


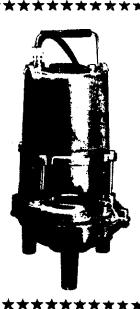


D190H (HIGH HEAD)

- Open two-vane sewage type impeller.
- Pump shaft and all fasteners are stainless steel.
- 1/2 HP (SPD50H) and 1 HP (SPD100H) motors. Ball bearing construction and oil-filled.
- Wide angle "piggy-back" float switch (automatic models).
- 2-inch NPT discharge (3" flange optional).

 Available in automatic or manual.
 Dual seals standard. Seal failure sensor capability (to be wired to an alarm device) available on manual pumps.





SKHD150

- Non-clog impeller.
- 1-1/2 HP, oil-filled motor.
- · Pump shaft and all fasteners are stainless'steel.
- 1-1/2-inch NPK discharge.
- Spring loaded mechanical seal with carbon and ceramic faces.
- Pump-out vanes on reak shroud of impeller.
- Dual seals and seal failure sensor capability (to be wired to an alarm device).

